

THE



MAN.

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PRICE ONE CENTS.

FREEMEN, UP.

Freemen up! the foe advances—
Dire oppression heads his train!
High his golden banner dance,
Threat'ning manacle and chain;
Shall we see our rights invaded?
Freemen up! arm! arm and out!
Arm! or see our sons degraded,
Rally to the battle shout!

Shall the sons of sacred sires—
Shall the noble and the free
Yield their alters and their fires?
Yield to threats and bribery?
Where's the heart that warms a freema
Where's the hand that dare be free?
Soldier! citizen! or seaman,
Up! and strike for liberty!

Up! your breast to battle baring:
No coward courses fill your veins!
Be ours the arm, and ours the daring—
Ours to crush a Monster's chains!
Freemen up! the war-cry rages,
Ours be "Death or Victory!"
Strike! for home—for sires—and sages—
For JACKSON and for LIBERTY!

(From the Times.)

THE PROPHETIC CANDIDATE.

It is understood the friends of Mr. James G. King may confidently rely on certain writings and prophecies for his election to congress. Among them are the following—

"The King's name is a tower of strength."
"O KING, live forever!"
"Old KING Cole was a jolly old soul, &c." which implies that he will be right merry at the end of the election.

"King James went forth a stalwart knight,
And eke came home a jock at night."
The most learned commentators of the board of brokers are of opinion that the king's name is here transposed, and that the true reading of Jock is Joke, not "Jock."

"King James he was the wisest fool
That e'er three kingdoms did misrule."
Meaning by the "three kingdoms," three per cent, a month.

"In Gotham city once upon a time,
The people met and chose a King,
Because, (I don't much care for rhyme)
He'd money in both pockets.

And then they fired and threw up rockets,
And shouted, "empty heads and choke full pockets."
This really looks a little blue for us democrats. The lines have certainly much the air of a prophetic quinting at the election.

"King James once riding on an ass,
Loaded with money bags did pass;
God save the King, the people cried—
Meaning the ass that he did ride."

Quere? Can this ass have an allusion to a certain editor, who is endeavoring to foist this bag of gold upon the democracy? The commentators are here also of opinion that the name of the King is transposed.

"Once upon a time, a certain exceedingly conceited King did attempt to climb to the top of a high mountain, upon the backs of the people, but the people did incontinently cast him from their shoulders, so that he fell into a deep mud hole at the foot of the mountain, thereupon his courtiers cried out, "Lo! he hath performed a miracle!" We have little doubt this prophecy alludes to Mr. King.

A King of shreds and patches.
The application is here equally plain, and cannot be mistaken. This gentleman is certainly a king of shreds and patches, of all sorts and kinds. His party colored subjects were certainly equipped at the pawnbrokers, for their wigs once belonged to certain notorious Tories; their breeches are as certainly the selfsame that have made such a noise in the world as appertaining to the "fundamental principle" of

the great bank in Philadelphia; and their coats besides being turned inside out, and outside in, half-a-dozen times, are patched of all the colors of the rainbow. They certainly once belonged to the wigs.

But let us not be discouraged. There have been false prophets as well as true, before now, whose predictions like dreams, are to be interpreted by contraries. It is a hard case, however, that we must fight against false prophets as well as false friends, and we must battle it lively on the side of true liberty.

THE TINY BANK FRIGATE.

CRUEL DISAPPOINTMENT.—The "big wigs" of the metropolis will be pained to learn, that the "brave little frigate" which was despatched from New York to Albany on Thursday morning, freighted with "loud notes of victory in Ohio," which were to "penetrate the very den of the Regency," and deprive that mysterious body of their needful rest during Thursday night, did not reach its destination at the time announced in the whig organs of Wednesday. This non-arrival was the cause of no little inconvenience and mortification to the "little wigs" of Albany; which we will particularise in some small degree, in the hope of preventing such a mischievous want of punctuality, when our city shall again be honored with so important a visit.

An order had been issued for a general meeting of the Bank Whig party at the Capitol, at about the hour appointed for the appearance of the mighty "little frigate," which according to Major Noah, has the power of transforming thirty thousand democrats into Bank Tories in the twinkling of an eye. The Albany wigs were assembled—the Chairman in his seat—the Secretary had sharpened his pen—the scaffold was erected from whence the potent salutes were to be fired—the signal gun had long before announced the steamboat in sight, but no frigate had yet been visible. It was then voted, that while thus awaiting the advent of this great auxiliary to their cause, the irrepressible eloquence of some of their orators should be put in requisition: and accordingly, two gentlemen discussed long and loud about executive usurpations never committed, and great whig victories never won, and never to be won. All this while, their cannon were playing (as the phrase is) with tremendous effect upon the windows in the neighborhood; and expectation had reached its highest pitch, when the stand was mounted by a young "whig," evidently in that critical situation which required that he must "speak or burst." At the very outset of his harangue, however, the rumor became rife, that the "little frigate had come!" Out rushed the whole whig party incontinently and en masse, from the hall, down State street to the dock. But darkness lay upon the bosom of the Hudson, and their anxious eyes peered in vain through the gloom in search of their expected visitant. Not a gleam from a blue light greeted their strained vision; and the disconsolate "wigs" dispersed in different directions, leaving their orator at the Capitol to print his unspoken speech, after the manner of a certain ex-president, or waste it upon the noisy patriots who congregate at their committee room, and murder the quiet of North Market street with the outbursts of their spirit.

Still, however, the cannon of the Albany little wigs continued to torment the air; and when the orderly democrats sought their pillows, the "booming minute gun" still sounded its signal of distress, mingled with imprecations from the disappointed wigs, upon the "magician" to whose agency it was attributed that the "little frigate" was sunk in Tappan Bay, or stranded on the overslaugh. The nocturnal guardians of the city, report that ever and anon during the night, detached parties of wigs might be seen, going to or returning from the dock, with the gait and language of men deeply afflicted, or deeply in liquor. It is even hinted that some of them were lodged for the night in the hospitable mansion of Col. Hogan: but this is denied.

The morning, however, discovered a non-descript thing on the bows of the steamboat Ohio, opposite the State street Bridge; many citizens visited the dock to look upon the much-talked-of Bank frigate. In the course of the forenoon it was transferred to a carriage, and paraded through the city; but the zest of the pageant had been destroyed; and after an hour or two spent in childish manoeuvres, and still more childish talk, the "Bank Frigate" was again consigned to the steamboat, and is probably now safely in New York.

Thus ended this pitiable affair. We cannot believe that any considerable number of the party in this city, for whose benefit it was intended, can look upon it with any other feelings than those of mortification and disgust.—*Albany City Advertiser.*

(From the Albany Argus.)

THE ELECTIVE FRANCHISE.

The democratic party struggled for years to alter the constitution so as to give every man who bears arms, and who bears any portion of the burthens of society, the privilege of voting. The Moneyed Aristocracy contested every inch of ground, in this great battle for equal rights. Having been beaten in that contest, they now endeavor so far to repeal the constitutional privilege in favor of the poor, as to compel the honest laborer to vote as his wealthy employer may dictate. Here then is the property prerogative of voting, revived in its worst and most degraded shape. It is a direct infringement of the constitutional right of every citizen, and degrading to the spirit of a freeman. It is a violation of the law, which holds out a criminal punishment for these lordlings who attempt to gain votes by bribes of MENACE. If the aristocracy are once allowed to control the votes of the laboring classes by threats, the inequalities between the rich and the poor will be more unfavorable than they now are to the working classes, and their chains would be rivetted forever. If we once give way, we shall hereafter be required to vote as the interests of the rich may require, and our boasted equality will be like that of the serfs of Russia.

A MECHANIC.

A FEW PLAIN QUESTIONS.

Was not Silas M. Stillwell expelled from the Lodge in Virginia for "gross unmasonic conduct?" Answer, Messrs. "free and accepted masons."

Is not Silas M. Stillwell a convicted depredator upon other men's productions, passing them off and receiving credit for them (vide Mr. Livingston's letter) as his own—a literary thief in the worst sense of the word?—Answer, "all the talent and all the erudition."

Did not Silas M. Stilwell leave Virginia under "interesting" circumstances? And if so, what were they? Answer, people of Wythe county.

Is not Silas M. Stilwell a small lawyer, who, without brains sufficient to gain a livelihood by his profession, has turned retailer of the slop manufactures of the Bay state?—The cordwainers of New York have answered that question; and the People will answer the rest at the polls.—*Argus*

Solemn and interesting conviction and condemnation of the Mother of Harlots and her daughters.

On the second Tuesday of October 1834, before the Bar of public opinion, in the State of Pennsylvania, where the old hag herself resides, this interesting trial commenced, and the verdict by the people was that of the crime of adultery, fully proved to the satisfaction of the Jury, she with her daughters, were guilty, and that each of them should, on the 4th day of March in the year of our Lord 1836, be hanged by the neck until they were dead! dead!! dead!!! And thus shall you put away evil from among you.—*Hartford Times.*

WHIG FAILURE.—The Independent Press at Hartford, the press that so liberally supplied this County with whig extras just before our late election, has ceased to exist for want of patronage. The days of its colleagues are numbered.—*Stamford Sentinel.*

WEDNESDAY MORNING NOVEMBER 5.

Monopolies or no Monopolies?
BANKS OR NO BANKS?
Rag Money or the Constitutional Currency?
GOLD OR PAPER?
Proscription or Toleration?
ARISTOCRACY OR DEMOCRACY?

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.
 GOVERNOR.

WILLIAM L. MARCY.

LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.

JOHN TRACY.

TWENTY-FOURTH CONGRESS.

C. C. CAMBRELENG,
 CAMPBELL P. WHITE,
 ELY MOORE,
 JOHN McKEON.

TWENTY-THIRD CONGRESS.

JOHN I. MORGAN.
 CHARLES G. FERRIS,
 ASSEMBLY.

BENJAMIN RINGGOLD,
 ANDREW C. WHEELER,
 JAMES I. ROOSEVELT, jr.
 CHARLES HENRY HALL,
 CHARLES P. CLINCH,
 PROSPER M. WETMORE,
 JOB HASKELL,
 THOMAS N. CARR,
 CRISTOPHER C. RICE,
 HERMAN J. QUACKINBUSH,
 THOMAS HERTTELL.

SHERIFF.
 JOHN HILLYER.
 COUNTY CLERK.
 THOMAS JEREMIAH,
 CORONER.
 WILLIAM SCHUREMAN.

THE PLEDGE.

(COPY.)

The undersigned, selected by the Democratic Republican Nominating Committee for members to represent this District, are uncompromisingly opposed to any Bank of the United States, in any shape or form, or upon any conditions whatever, and to any bank charter or other exclusive privileges for the District of Columbia. They are in favor of gradually suppressing the issue and circulation of Bank notes of a less denomination than twenty dollars, and of abolishing imprisonment for debt.

New York, Oct. 25, 1834.

C. C. CAMBRELENG, CAMPBELL P. WHITE,
 ELY MOORE, JOHN McKEON,
 CHARLES G. FERRIS, JOHN I. MORGAN.

(COPY.)

We, the undersigned, having been chosen by the Democratic Republican Nominating Committee, as candidates for members of Assembly from the city and county of New York, express our determination if elected, to use our influence and exertions against all monopolies, particularly those of banking, insurance, and the state prison; and also to endeavor to effect the passage of a law to prohibit, at an early day, the circulation of all bank notes under five dollars, and to oppose the repeal of the law providing for the abolishment of imprisonment for debt.

New York, 25th Oct. 1834.

THOMAS HERTTELL, BENJ. RINGGOLD,
 ANDREW C. WHEELER, CHARLES P. CLINCH,
 CHARLES H. HALL, JAS. I. ROOSEVELT, jr.
 THOMAS N. CARR, JOB HASKELL,
 H. I. QUACKINBUSH, PROS. M. WETMORE,
 CHRISTOPHER CARLETON RICE.

☐ Votes are often lost at the close of the polls in consequence of the crowd.

☐ The shortest way, if your ticket is challenged, is to take the oath, or affirmation.

☐ A single vote may turn the scale.

THE LAST DAY.

FREEMEN! this day closes the time allowed you to determine between Slavery and Freedom—between your best and dearest interests and the domination of a Church and State Aristocracy. If you allow yourselves to be cajoled or driven from the effectual and permanent establishment of your rights and liberties on this occasion, it will probably be the last on which the *freedom of choice* will be left you. On the one hand you will contend for all that Freemen hold dear, or on the other you will put your own seal to a perpetual bondage.

"The following, let the Torywigs say what they will, is the FINAL ISSUE to be decided at the present election. Let every man read, and see if it is not correct—let every man satisfy himself of the mighty interests now at stake, and then go and deposit his vote in the ballot boxes. Freemen! look well at the two pictures, and then ask yourselves whether your country, your honor, and the sacred rights bequeathed to you by the Patriot Whigs of '76, do not call on you to vote the Democratic Republican Ticket.

If you vote the Ticket headed
WILLIAM L. MARCY,
 YOU VOTE

For the Constitution and Laws.
 For Andrew Jackson and Democracy.
 For Liberty.
 For Equal Rights and Privileges.
 For a Gold Currency.
 For the Abolition of Monopolies.
 Against all Banks.
 Against a domineering Aristocracy.
 Against the issue of Small Notes.
 Against Panic, Distress, and Ruin.

If you vote the Ticket headed
WILLIAM H. SEWARD,
 YOU VOTE

For the United States Bank.
 For an Aristocracy.
 For the unlimited extension of Banks.
 For a Rag Currency.
 For Panic, Ruin, and Distress.
 For Rags and Wretchedness.
 For a desperate Faction, whose object is power, and whose means are corruption.

BANK OR NO BANK.

FELLOW CITIZENS! BE NOT DECEIVED by the hypocritical and false clamor of the Bank organs, that "the Bank is no longer in the field"—"the question is not now Bank or no Bank"—and a mass of similar subterfuge and falsehood, resorted to to delude you. The question IS "BANK OR NO BANK," as the following fact proves beyond cavil:

On Saturday last the General Assembly of Rhode Island adjourned to the first Monday of January next. Previous to adjournment, the Bank's minions in that body introduced a set of resolutions CONDEMNING THE COURSE OF THE GENERAL GOVERNMENT RELATIVE TO THE U. S. BANK, AND IN FAVOR OF RE-CHARTERING THAT INIQUITOUS INTSITUTION! Owing to the absence of some of the democratic members, the resolutions were, after much trouble on the part of the Bankites, passed and sent to the Senate for concurrence. *The Senate rejected them with disdain.*

Democrats! we repeat, BE NOT DECEIVED in this matter. Every vote given at this election goes to determine whether the Laws and Liberties of the country shall be sustained, or whether they shall be sacrificed to the monster and its autocrat—"NICHOLAS I! by the grace of Mammon 'calm as a summer's morning!'" Therefore, choose ye this day whether through its purchased Congressional candidates, you will give yourselves in bondage to that hydra of Aristocracy and tyranny, and sustain

1st. In withholding the Pension Fund from the few remaining heroes of the Revolution;

2d. In refusing to permit a committee of the House

of Representatives to investigate the affairs of the Bank, as provided for by the charter;

3d. In employing the funds of the Bank to defeat Gen. Jackson's election in 1832;

4th. In seizing upon \$158,000 of the people's money;

5th. In attempting to break down our institutions, destroy our trade, embarrass all classes of our citizens, and create wide spread distress and calamity;

6th. In buying up the public press, wherever a traitor to the people could be found directing it, and thus poisoning the fountain of opinion at its source.

THE LAST CHANCE.

Working Men, Democrats, who have not yet deposited your votes, let us urge you to delay no longer. Remember, that some of the men who are now candidates for your suffrages, will give a final vote on that curse of your country, that leech upon the body politic, the UNITED STATES BANK, the chief engine of the PAPER MONEY FRAUD. Reflect for a moment, you who have nothing to bequeath to your children but a fair fame, whether you ought to suffer the Monster Monopoly to be entailed upon them, when perhaps your single vote might be its death blow. If you decide to leave your children free, go at once to the polls.

"THE SEVEN PRINCIPLES—five Loaves and two Fishes"—The Banks minions are flooding the city with inflammatory sheets from one of their stipendiary presses, which are filled with appeals to the cupidity and avarice of voters, in the form of statements of the salaries attached to the offices which they say will be at their disposal if they succeed in the present election, accompanied by highly wrought pictures of the ease and luxury in which the faithful to Mammon will be able to live on the spoils, and urging the rank and file to "go to the death for the sugar." These offices and salaries are "the constitution" about which they pirate so lustily, and all their pretended patriotism might be booked in one of Biddle's ledgers in dollars and cents. Give them the offices and salaries, and the free enjoyment of monopolies, and "the constitution," the people, and the whole republic, might go to the devil together for ought they would care. *Precious patriots!*

☐ Thousands of Democrats assembled at Tammany Hall last evening to hear the good news from all quarters of the city; and when they adjourned, a large body proceeded, increasing rapidly as it went along, to the residence of the Mayor, to whom they gave we know not how many tremendous cheers. The Mayor briefly addressed them, and advised a continuance of the same order which had hitherto been preserved during the election, after which they proceeded to the residence of Mr. Cambreleng, to whom they paid a similar compliment. In passing the Masonic Hall Wiggery, the crowd gave three superlatively dismal groans to the blue lights burning around the Bank Frigate, which we are happy to say, produced no other response from the Wiggery than three cheers (for the blue lights, of course.)

"HELP ME, CASSIUS, OR I SINK!"—Those great guns of Wigism, Messrs. Webster and Poindexter, we understand, were wiggling to the Wigs at the Broadway Wiggery last evening. "Saltpetre wouldn't save them."

☐ We are informed that in the Fifth Ward yesterday, the Torywigs had a wagon, in which was displayed a large CROWN, which they were parading through the ward, when the Democrats after something of a chase, took possession of the wagon and dismounted the crown, saying that no emblem of royalty should be paraded about their ward.

SECOND DAY VOTES.

WARDS.	FALL.	SPRING.
1	972	495
2	514	311
3	873	507
4	1645	965
5	1111	628
6	589	550
7	1312	793
8	1693	930
9	1060	603
10	799	785
11	1555	825
12	448	444
13	843	450
14	844	527
15	612	307
	14284	9,12

MARKED AND LABELED.—The Bankites are not satisfied with tamely laying down their liberties at the footstool of Mammon, and bending to kiss the great toe of the Autocrat of Rag Mills, but they even condescend to come to the polls marked and labeled, to enable the Inspectors and challengers to distinguish who to challenge and who not. The smallest kind of marking we have ever heard of was in the full tide of successful experiment yesterday in the eleventh ward—where the minions of the aristocracy were distinguished by a new bright pin stuck in the front of their coat collars! Two packages of pins were furnished to the Ward Committee, gratis, by a certain dealer in such wares near their rendezvous; of all which, report says, about half a paper only could be found use for. Similar marks were used in the other wards—but of them all the pin token was the least.

LO! WHAT DO I BEHOLD!

Bank purchas'd presses, and a mongrel fry
Of hireling traitors! meet the indignant eye.
Remnants of Rebels, from the fetid urn
Creep out! Old Tories to young wiggies turn
To rise and ripen! forming a purse proud Clan—
The nation's pest!—'gainst every WORKING MAN!!
A Whig of the old School.

To the Marshal who pretends to guard the sgress door
of the Fourth Ward: Pole.

Sir—I'm addressing this article to your honor: I simply wish to ascertain whether there is any law against smuggling the friends of "Old Nic" thro' the leeward passage—to the great inconvenience and loss of time of those hardy tars and honest workies who find it necessary to labor hard for that space of time, or three hours, in order to work in their unbought votes?

Perhaps, sir, this is a plan by which you expect to defeat our overwhelming numbers.

LOOK OUT!

FREE SUFFRAGE!

LET EVERY MAN WHOSE EMPLOYER
THREATENS HIM WITH LOSS OF EM-
PLOYMENT, AND EVERY MAN WHO IS OF-
FERED A BRIBE TO INFLUENCE HIS
VOTE, OR INFRINGE HIS RIGHT OF SUFFRAGE,

INFORM ONE OF THE WARD PROTECTION COMMITTEE.

The names and residence of the members of the Committee are published in handbills, and the newspapers.

TWELFTH WARD.

An adjourned meeting of the Twelfth Ward was held at Mr. Howe's Harlem, on the evening of the 1st instant, pursuant to the adjourned meeting held at Mr. Patrick Doherty's last evening.

The meeting being organized, Andrew McGowan, Esquire, in the chair, and Messrs. George G. Sickles, and Peter Byrne secretaries.

I. L. Varian, Esq. having read the names of the gentlemen on the Democratic Republican Ticket for the ensuing election, expatiated largely on the merits of each candidate, and particularly of Charles Henry Hall. This gentleman concluded like a true Democrat, amidst rapturous applause, by moving the nomination be accepted. Carried unanimously.

George G. Sickles, Esq. spoke with admirable efficacy to the same purport, showing the necessity of being strenuous of democracy.

James Flanagan, Esq. being loudly called upon, rose to explain the practical exertions requisite in time of trial. "The old dissent whig party," says he, "are the self same old Tories who, under various names, always opposed democracy, but are now joined by some disappointed democrats."

Peter Byrne made some observations, drawing a parallel between an internal foe and an external enemy.

The gentlemen who addressed the meeting recommended in strong terms the propriety of good order and decorum during the ensuing election.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be published in the Democratic papers as heretofore.

The meeting then adjourned till Monday evening, 6 o'clock, at the house of Mr. T. Connerston, corner of 18th street and 3d avenue.

George G. Sickles, {
Peter Byrne, {
ANDREW MCGOWAN, Chairman.
Secretaries.

FIRST WARD.

At a meeting of the Democratic Republican Electors of the First Ward, held at the Broad street House, on Friday evening 31st October 1834, pursuant to a call of the Ward Committee, Daniel Jackson, Esq. was called to the chair, and Hiram McCollum, and John S. Magnis, appointed Secretaries.

The nominations reported to and approved of by the meeting held at Tammany Hall last evening were presented to the meeting and unanimously approved of.

On motion of John Y. Cebra, Esq.
Resolved, That a committee of three be appointed to prepare resolutions for the consideration of the meeting.

The Chair appointed Messrs. Chas. G. Havens, Theodore Allen, and C. B. Moore, who, after retiring, reported the following resolutions, which were adopted unanimously:

Resolved, That we cordially approve of the nominations of William L. Marcy for Governor, John Tracy for Lieut. Governor, and Coe S. Downing for Senator, and also of the nominations just reported to us from Tammany Hall, and pledge ourselves to use all honorable means to promote and ensure the success of the candidates respectively.

Resolved, That we still adhere to the sentiment, that the Union must be preserved, and will give our firm and energetic support to that pure patriot under whose auspices our general government is now administered, and who is alike our safeguard against the dangerous doctrines of consolidation, and their natural successors and present associates, nullification and dissolution.

Resolved, That we cordially unite in the declaration expressed by our distinguished fellow citizen, Martin Van Buren, of "unqualified and uncompromising opposition to the Bank of the United States," that we will support these, and those alone, as our Representatives to Congress, who have pledged themselves to oppose the rechartering of the present, or the chartering of any other Bank; and that we will give our support to those candidates for our State Legislature who will exert their influence against all monopolies by which exclusive privileges are conferred upon the few at the expense of the many.

Resolved, That the efforts made by our opponents to wheedle and deceive sailors and others, and to bring into this ward voters who have no connection with it, is but another evidence of the base means resorted to by the pound shilling-and-pence party, mislabeled "Whigs."

The meeting was addressed in a very spirited manner by Messrs. C. G. Stevens, E. Mott, Theodore Allen, C. B. Moore, and Jas. B. Clark.

On motion, Resolved, That the proceedings of the meeting be published in all the Democratic papers of the city.

Adjourned.

DANIEL JACKSON, President.

Hiram McCollum, and
John S. Magnis, Secretaries.

EIGHTH WARD.

At a meeting of the Democratic Republican Electors of the Eighth Ward, held at Davis' Long Room, 634 Spring street, Samuel Coddington, Esq. was called to the chair, and H. L. Seixas, and Charles Stuart, appointed Secretaries. Upon being called to order, a motion was moved and seconded that a committee of three be appointed to investigate the conduct of Noah Cook, one of the Inspectors of the election in this ward. The committee having retired, returned and adopted the following resolutions, which were adopted and read with loud acclamation.

Whereas, It has been satisfactory proved to the Democratic Republican Electors of this ward that undue partiality has been exercised by the majority of the inspectors opposed to them during the first day of the election, particularly by Mr. Noah Cook, therefore

Resolved, That we do protest against the conduct of Mr. Cook in challenging electors who were well known to have been legally qualified and long residents of the ward, and affording facilities to those known to him to be of the party to which he is attached, and consider the same a gross violation of the rights of freemen, and an unwarrantable violation of his duty.

Resolved, That we request such change be made as will remedy the evil, and suggest that Mr. Jacobus be appointed to receive the tickets from voters during the ensuing days of the election, confident that by such a course an impartial discharge of the duty of an inspector will be secured, and an equitable exercise of the rights of electors effected.

Resolved, That we deem the appointment of Mr. Jacobus for the above purpose due to the Democratic Electors of this ward, he being the only inspector representing their interests.

Resolved, That as Democrats and Americans, jealous of our liberties, we cannot tamely submit to this direct method of shackling the freedom of elections, but do recommend to our friends to make this shameful conduct of the majority of the inspectors known so publicly that they themselves cannot deny that they intend, sooner or later, by such foul means, to suppress those privileges of the people which bid fair to give the death-blow to tyranny and oppression!!

SAMUEL CODDINGTON, Chairman.

H. L. Seixas, {
Charles Stuart, {
Secretaries.

NATURALIZED CITIZENS.

Watch your right of suffrage with jealousy and vigilance. It is rumored that a concerted attempt will be made by the BANK TORY PARTY, to adopt a new rule respecting your right to vote. It is said that your vote should not be received unless you have been inhabitants of this state for one year after your naturalization. The object of this unjust scheme is to exclude all those adopted citizens from voting who have been naturalized within the last twelve months. Such a construction of the law, if enforced, would be a gross violation of your rights, and you are legally justified in taking the oath prescribed by the statute. Should you be challenged on that ground, you can with propriety take the oath, and the Inspectors are bound by law to administer it.

In support of the above position, read the following opinion of the Attorney General of this State, the original of which has been deposited with the Clerk of the County for your benefit:

Copy of a Letter from Greene C. Bronson, Esq., Attorney General of this State, to a Gentleman in this City, dated Albany, October 28th, 1834.

SIR—I have received your letter, requesting my opinion on the question, whether a naturalized citizen, having the other necessary qualifications, is entitled to vote at Elections immediately after his naturalization, or whether he must be a citizen one year before he can exercise the elective franchise. I am of opinion that he is entitled to vote immediately after naturalization. Such has been the uniform construction of the constitution by the Legislature. In the oath of the elector, he is required to swear—not that he has been a citizen for a year—but that he is a citizen at the time of offering his vote. 1 Revised Statutes, 134, sec. 18. See also Laws of 1822, p. 272, sec. 8, and Laws of 1827, p. 174, sect. 4, in connection with the constitution as adopted in 1821, and as amended in 1826. The practice at elections, has I believe, always been in accordance with this view of the subject.

But independent of any legislative construction, or the practice at elections, I entertain no doubt concerning the true interpretation of the constitution. If the elector is a citizen at the time of offering his vote, and has the other necessary qualifications, his right to vote cannot be questioned.

I am, with great respect,

(Signed) Your obedient servant,
GREENE C. BRONSON.

At a meeting of the Democratic Republican General Committee of the city of New York, convened at Tammany Hall on Wednesday evening, the 22d inst. the following preamble and resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, at the last election in this city the inestimable right of suffrage, which should at all times be held sacred, was grossly violated by the proscriptive and persecuting measures of the enemies of Democracy, who by threats to discharge and actual dismissal of Clerks, Cartmen, Laborers, and others, in their employ, sought to deprive the People (particularly the working classes, of their free choice, and of their privileges as electors; And whereas, it is due to the character of our city, that the free and undisturbed enjoyment of the elective franchise, should be secured to our citizens; and that the most energetic measures should be adopted to bring to condign punishment those who may attempt to interfere with such rights—Therefore

Resolved, That it be recommended to the several Democratic Republican Ward Committees of the city and county of New York, forthwith to appoint a Committee of three in each Ward, in special reference to the carrying into effect the following provision of the Revised Statutes—said Committee to be called

THE DEMOCRATIC PROTECTION COMMITTEES.

SECTION IV. If any person shall by bribery, MENACE, or other corrupt means or device whatsoever, either directly or indirectly, attempt to INFLUENCE any elector of this State in giving his vote or ballot, or to det r him from giving the same, or DISTURB or HINDER him in the FREE EXERCISE of the RIGHT OF SUFFRAGE, at any election within this State held pursuant to this chapter, and shall thereby be convicted, such person so offending and convicted, shall be adjudged GUILTY of a MISDEMEANOR, and be FINED or IMPRISONED according to the discretion of the Court before which such conviction shall be had; such fine in no case to exceed five hundred dollars, nor such imprisonment one year.—Revised Statutes, page 149.

Resolved, That it shall be the duty of the said Committee to adopt immediate measures for the discovery of offenders, and for the prosecuting to conviction all violators of the foregoing Law.

Resolved, That these proceedings be published in all the Democratic papers of the city until the election.

ELDAD HOLMES, Chairman.

WILLIAM S. COE, Secretary.

* * * The Evening Post, Man, Trades Union, Truth Teller, and Jeffersonian, will copy the above, and publish the same until after the election.

DEATHS.

November 4, Samuel Scudder, infant son of Samuel S. and Rachel W. Mott.

October 30, Captain John Treadwell, (of Plymouth,) in the 75th year of his age.

The Street Inspector reports the death of 117 persons during the week ending on Saturday, Nov. 1.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVED.

Ship Panama, (new) Conn. River.
Berque Marie, (of Norway) Bonnera, Certe, Aug. 8.
Brig Sophia M. Parrott, of Lubec, Rochelle, Sept. 26.
Brig Olive Branch, Bart, Malaga, 45 days.
Brig Montano, Gray, Newcastle, Sept. 13.
Swedish ketch Ulla, Hillman, 55 da fm Lisbon.
Schr James, Cole, 8 da fm Portland.
Schr Portsmouth, Shinn, 10 da fm Norfolk.

CLEARED.

Ships Moro Castle, Flourey, Havana, Jos. Fremah: New Jersey, Wibrap, New York, E. K. Collins; Cila, Leavitt, Savannah, Scott, Shapter & Morrell; brig Elizabeth, Jones, Lisbon, William McLeod; Ivanough, Wright, Macleira, Bur-clay & Livingston; Ivanhoe, Constina, Bermuda; Schrs Thoma Hall, Hornsby, Africa; Victoria, Hopkins, Baltimore; Excel, Heliker, Savannah; John Heath, Chartin Petersburg.

PAINES POLITICAL WRITINGS IN WEEKLY NUMBERS.—No. 4, containing a continuation of THE CRISIS, is published THIS MORNING, at No. 6 Thames street, and is for sale by the Carriers of the Man, and Working Man's Advocate. The work will compose two volumes, and there will be 12 numbers to a volume, price 12s cents each.

No. 5, will be published on Saturday next. o31

COAL COOKING STOVES.—The subscribers offer for sale, at No. 250 Water street, Parker's patent Coal Cooking Stoves, adapted for the use of coal or wood, for city and country use. These stoves can be surpassed by none for simplicity, durability and economy.

Also a general assortment of Cooking Stoves, of the most approved patterns, for wood, various patterns of open and close Stoves, for burning wood or coal; and a general assortment of TIN WARE. J. MONTFORT & Co. 250 Water st. o263m

LATHES on hand for sale. Also a number of CROW BARS, by JAMES PEARCE, Machinist, 114 Cliff street. o14t

SENATORIAL CONVENTION

At a full meeting of the Senatorial delegates for the first Senate District, in favor of the General and State Administrations, convened pursuant to notice at the City Hotel, in the city of Brooklyn, on the Second Tuesday of October, 1834, the Hon. Samuel Smith, of the county of Kings, was appointed Chairman, and Watson E. Lawrence, of the city of New York, and Henry H. Terry, of the county of Suffolk, were appointed Secretaries.

The following Delegates appeared and presented their credentials, which were accepted, namely:—
From the City and County of New York:—John Y. Cebra, John Foot, John Sheppard, Jr., Richard Pennell, Samuel Codrington, Nathan el Jarvis, Henry C. Sperry, John M. Bloodgood, H. W. Bonnell, Benjamin M. Brown, and Watson E. Lawrence.

From Kings County—Samuel Smith.
From Suffolk County—David Carl and Henry H. Terry.
And from Richmond County—Richard Crocheron.
On motion of John Y. Cebra, Esq. it was resolved unanimously, that the Hon. COE S. DOWNING, of Kings county, be recommended to the Democratic Republican Electors of the First Senate District, as a suitable person to be supported at the ensuing Election, to represent said district in the Senate of this State.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this Convention be published in all the Democratic Republican Newspapers in this District, until the election.

Resolved, That the next Senatorial Convention for this District be held in the county of Queens, at the Inn of Henry Van Cott, in the town of Jamaica, on the second Tuesday in October, 1835, at 12 o'clock, at noon, and that the Chairman and Secretaries of this Convention cause this resolution to be published for at least one month previous to the meeting of the next Convention, in the Democratic Newspapers of this District.
SAMUEL SMITH, Chairman.

WATSON E. LAWRENCE, { Secretaries.
HENRY H. TERRY, }

INSURANCE OF LETTERS.

Money sent by Mail to any Post Office in the United States, or the British North American Provinces, will be insured by application to B. BATES, at the New York Post Office. Ample security is given for the repayment of the money, if lost.

RATES OF INSURANCE.

\$25 and under,	\$0 50 cents.
50 do.	75
100 do.	1 00
1000 3 per cent.	
2000 do.	
3000 do.	

Any sum above \$5000, such premium as may be agreed on
my17 tf

TO POLITICAL COMMITTEES.

POSTING BILLS, HANDBILLS, CIRCULARS, TICKETS, &c. executed on reasonable terms, at the Office of "The Man," 6 Thames street.

Publishers of newspapers, and the public generally, are cautioned against a smooth tongued chap, named MICHAEL KENNEDY, of Hartford, Ct., who obtained papers to a considerable amount from us, and, to all appearances, intends to defraud us of our share of the proceeds. Unless we hear from him, he shall hear from us more particularly in a few days.

WANTED—An Agent for the Man in Hartford, Ct. For terms, enquire of David Mitchell, New Haven.

Extra copies of the Man containing Cobbett's "Ge Gold" article for sale.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—The following Nos. of the Working Man's Advocate, for which 6 cts. each will be paid:

- Vol. I. Nos. 41, 42, and 51.
- Vol. III. Nos. 35, 44.
- Vol. IV. Nos. 7, 8, 13.
- Vol. V. No. 1.

023

JAMES PEARCE, MACHINIST, 114 Cliff st. near Frankfort street, Lathe and Tool Maker, Manufacturer of Brass Counter Railing, Locksmith and Bell Hanger. Every description of Brass and Iron Work finished to any pattern. All kinds of Dentists' Grind Stones fitted up. Smiths' work in general. All kinds of Lapidary Machines fitted up. All orders promptly attended to, and executed on very moderate terms. o15 tf

SCREWS.—A quantity of flat threaded Screws for sale by JAMES PEARCE, Machinist, 114 Cliff street. o14 tf

TO AMATEURS OF THE VIOLIN.—The Violin taught in a few lessons, and on the most reasonable terms, by DANIEL LANE. Application to be made at 128 Franklin street. o4 lm*

MANIFOLD WRITER.—J. GILCRIEST manufactures and keeps for sale this convenient and useful article, at his establishment, 102 Broadway, New York, where the public are invited to call and examine the article for themselves. Orders from the country promptly attended to.

N. B. This apparatus, for simplicity and despatch, surpasses all other modes of writing when copies are wanted. je20

JUST RECEIVED, and for sale at this Office, "The Senators Unmasked: being a Letter to Mr. Daniel Webster, on his speech in the Senate of the United States, asking leave to bring in a bill to continue for six years the Charter of the Bank of the United States. By Thomas Brothers, (of Philadelphia.)"—Price 12½ cents.

Also, "Gold against Paper, or Mr Benton's Wind up of the Bank."—Price 3 cents. y 19

WARNER—Landscape, Room, Sign and Transparency, Painter—4 Doyer street—Chatham Square. au30 tf

GOUGE ON BANKING—A few copies, just received at 6 Thames street, the last of the edition. o24

LIFE OF JEFFERSON, with selections from his Private Correspondence. Just received and for sale at the office of this paper. Price \$1 00 je2

COBBETT'S AMERICAN GARDENER—For sale at No 6 Thames st. Price 50 cents. my17

NO CURE NO PAY.—No. 1 Depeyster, two doors from the corner of 141 Water street, between Maiden Lane and Pine street.

DOCTOR HUNTER, late of the Strand, London, Member of the Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons of London, Honorary Member of the Medical Faculty of Edinburgh and Paris, will engage to cure the following diseases:—Dyspepsia, Consumption in its incipient stage, Liver affections, obstinate Ulcers, Piles, Hernia, Strictures, Diseases incident to Females, Nervous Atrophy, Fever and Ague. Also, a certain disease in all its various forms:—the progress of this insidious malady is immediately arrested, the virus neutralized, the constitution protected—all without Mercury. Hours of attendance from 7 A. M. to 10 P. M. au29ly

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TIN AND SHEET IRON WARE STORE.—WM. H. SWEET respectfully informs his friends and customers in this city and its vicinity, and dealers in the Southern States, that he has extended his business so as to meet all orders, both Wholesale and Retail, at a short notice. He continues his establishment at the corner of Canal and Hudson streets, where he will compete with any workman in the United States in Manufacturing Tin and Sheet Iron Ware, in all its various branches, for machinists, families, &c.

STOVES of the most approved patterns, both for wood and coal, constantly on hand, at the lowest prices.

Kitchen Ware Furniture of every description constantly on hand.

Southern merchants will find it to their interest to deal with him, as his prices are low and his delivery punctual. o28 W. H. SWEET.

LOCKS, GUNS, BELLS, &c.—JOSEPH ROSE, Jr. Lock and Gun Smith and Bell Hanger, 80 Catherine street, near Oak street, New York.—Rifles and Guns of all descriptions made to order. Guns stocked, polished, altered to percussion, &c. Ships supplied with arms and ammunition. Military Companies furnished with Guns. LOCKS made and repaired. HOUSE BELLS hung in the neatest manner. A general assortment of Guns, Pistols, Sportsmen's Articles, &c. &c. aul

LIFE OF ANDREW JACKSON, by WILLIAM COBBETT. Reprinted in full from the London edition, and containing the paper read at the Cabinet. Price 6 cents single, or \$4.50 a hundred, for sale at the office of this paper, No 6 Thames street. o 15

THE DIEGESIS.—Being a Discovery of the Origin, Evidences, and Early History of Christianity, never yet before or elsewhere, so fully and faithfully set forth. By the Rev. Robert Taylor, A. B. M. & R. C. S.—Last edition.—Just received and for sale by G. W. & A. J. MATSELL, o14 No. 94 Chatham street.

TO PRINTERS.—For sale, a set of Distributors for a Superroyal Press; a large Washing Trough; a set of column rules (28 in number) 17½ inches in length; a quantity of leads and cross rules 14½ picas in length; a number of roller stocks and handles, &c. e4

MARSHALL'S INFALLIBLE REMEDY FOR THE PILES.—This medicine is prepared from a vegetable, and will be found a radical cure for that distressing disorder. Since its discovery, (which was by mere accident,) numbers have been cured, after having been afflicted for twenty years. The first application affords great relief, and perfect cure is effected in a few days. To convince the public it is a sovereign remedy, the following certificate is subjoined.

City of New York, 13th Oct. 1833.—Having been afflicted with the Piles for two years, and having applied for medical aid in Philadelphia, Baltimore, Albany, and New York, without success, until advised by a friend to try Dr. Marshall's infallible Remedy, which gave immediate relief, and proved a cure within twenty four hours. JAMES DOWNE.

To be had only at B. Marshall's Drug Store, No. 54 Orange street. Price—2oz. vials, 50 cents—4oz. 1 dollar. o17 lm

UNITED STATES CLOTHES DRESSING ESTABLISHMENT, 128 Broadway 2 doors below Congress Hall. LOINES & FOERSCHKE respectfully inform their friends and the public, that they have commenced business at the above stand, where they will attend to cleaning and dressing Clothes by Steam, upon an entire new plan, and will warrant them, (if not too much worn,) to appear equal to new.

FOERSCHKE, from Poland, from his practical knowledge of this business, in England, France, Spain, Germany and Russia, can assure those, who will favor them with their custom, that they will be convinced of their superior skill and ability in the business of Clothes cleaning, dressing and repairing.

This business has heretofore been neglected in this country. The public are now informed, that on application to LOINES & FOERSCHKE, their commands will be promptly answered, and the work done to their entire satisfaction. je26tf

TAILORING.—JAMES YOUNG, Merchant Tailor, No. 295 Division street, respectfully informs his numerous friends and Customers, and the Public in general, that he continues to make Coats, Vests, and Pantaloon, at the following reduced prices, viz.

COATS made and trimmed for from \$6 00 to \$8 00
PANTALOONS and VESTS . . . 1 50 to 1 75

The articles will be all of superior workmanship and warranted to fit. my24

DAVID B. COOK & C. MORRIS, MERCHANT TAILORS, No. 44 Fulton street, 3 doors from Pearl street, New York.

N. B.—Southern and Northern Merchants' and all other orders thankfully received, and punctually attended to. Clothes cut and made in the most fashionable style and warranted to fit; also military work executed in superior style. The public are respectfully invited to call and examine for themselves. Ladies' Cloth CLOAKS cut and made, spunged and pressed. jy9 tf

WORKS ON THE CURRENCY.—For sale at the office of this paper, and by Edward Earle, Paterson, N. J.

Gouge's American Banking System, Price \$1 00
Cobbett's Paper against Gold, 75
Hale's "Useful Knowledge for the Producers," &c. 18
Roosevelt's "Mode of Protecting Domestic Industry," &c. 20
a16

COBBETT'S GUIDE TO EMIGRANTS, for sale at this office. Price 50 cents. aul4

WOOLLEY'S PATENT PREMIEUR BED STEADS. Persons desirous of purchasing Bedsteads, whether the sofa, chair sideboard, counter, or ordinary, will find it to their material advantage to call and examine those manufactured at the corner of Broadway and White street, by E. S. WOOLLEY. The ordinary Bedsteads of his manufacture have sacking bottoms so constructed as to be tightened with a key—an invention universally pronounced superior to any other plan for the sacking bottom Bedsteads. The Cot Bedsteads are of equal finish and pleasing appearance with the ordinary bedsteads; have sacking similarly constructed with them, and can be taken down at will with the utmost ease and rapidity. Woolley's Sofa Bedsteads, for beauty, durability, economy and accommodation, defy competition—they will compare without the least injury to their beauty or use as a parlor sofa. These bedsteads have been considered of such decided superiority, as to uniformly receive the first premiums at the last three successive anniversaries of the American Institute. Attention is respectfully invited to the "Chair Bedstead," invented for the accommodation of the sick. This invention has proved so successful as to receive the general approbation of the Medical Profession, and is of such great benefit to persons confined to the bed, that it is believed every family would avail themselves of its use if they would but call and examine its utility. More explicit description is deemed needless, as persons wishing to purchase will call and examine for themselves, and the proprietor is confident that all, upon observation, will be convinced of the advantage in economy and comfort to be derived from Bedsteads of his manufacture. my24

TO PRINTERS, BOOKSELLERS, & PUBLISHERS.—CONNER & COOKE, Type and Stereotype Founders, and Publishers, offer for sale, at the corner of Nassau and Ann streets, New York, Printing Types, at six months credit, or 7½ per cent. deduction for cash at the price affixed.

Their Type will be found as perfect, and made of as good materials, at least, as that manufactured at any other establishment; it is nearly all of an entire new cut; is lighter faced than any other exhibited, and will consequently wear longer, look better, take less ink and less labor in working than most other type.

Diamond per lb. \$2; Pearl \$1.40; Nonpareil 90; Mulsion 70; Brevier 56; Bourgeois 46; Long Primer 40; Small Pica 38; Pica and English 36; Great Primer 34; Double Pica 32; Six line Pica and all larger 30.

Leads of every thickness and size constantly on hand; cuts of every description on metallic bodies; Presses, and all other articles necessary for a printing office furnished to order.

Printers can be supplied with second hand type which has only been used for stereotyping, on very favorable terms.

Old type received in exchange at \$9 per 100 pounds.

N. B. Stereotype of every description will be thankfully received, and attended to with correctness and despatch. my2

PIANO FORTE WAREHOUSE.—ROBERT NUNNS CLARK, & Co., late R. & W. NUNNS, respectfully inform their friends and the public, that they have always on hand an assortment of cabinet, harmonic, and square Piano Fortes, from their manufactory, at their warehouse, No. 137 Broadway, two doors north of the City Hotel.

The extensive sale which the Instruments of their manufactory have had throughout the United States for some years, has made them so well known as to preclude the necessity of saying anything with regard to the quality of the instruments bearing their name; they can only add, that the result of many years' experience in this branch of manufacture, added to the extended scale, they are prepared to carry it on, will enable them to offer advantages to purchasers equal to any other house in this Union.

Orders from the country punctually attended to, and old Piano Fortes taken in exchange. my24

DIARRHŒA, OR BOWEL COMPLAINT, AND CHOLERA MORBUS.—A specific which effects a cure of either of the above disorders, generally in one or two hours, is sold by George D. Coggeshall, Druggist, general agent for New York, No. 521 Pearl street, corner of Rose street; R. P. Tanner & Co., corner of Broadway and Grand street; E. C. & R. E. Moss, corner of Grand and Cannon streets; and H. N. Gamble, No. 91 Bowery. Price, 25 cents per bottle, which cures from 2 to 5 cases.

This medicine has been used in several thousand cases, and is believed not to have failed to give immediate relief in one of an hundred. It is equally efficacious in the disorders of adults and children. It is of importance that the medicine be used in the early stage of the disease, if practicable. Where it has been so used, it has not been known to fail of success.

Families and travellers, at this season, will find it advantageous to be provided against sudden attacks. 24tfmy

COBBETT'S WORKS.—English editions of the following publications of William Cobbett, have been received, for sale, at the office of the Working Man's Advocate, No. 6 Thames street:

American Gardener,	Ride in France,
Guide to Emigrants,	Woodland,
Cottage Economy,	Poor Man's Friend,
Manchester Lectures,	Rural Rides,
French Grammar,	English Grammar,
O'Callaghan on Usury,	Paper against Gold,
Reformation, (2 vols. 8vo.)	Letters from France
Year's Residence in America,	Treatise on Corn,
Advice to Young Men,	Twopenny Trash, (bound.)
History of the Reign and Regency of George IV.	
REGISTER, (5 vols.) from April 1831, to June 1832.	

OLD PAPERS.—A considerable quantity for sale at the office of the Working Man's Advocate. jy23

PRINTING.—Book and Job Printing, of every description, at No. 6 Thames street near Broadway, by G. H. Evans.

THE MAN is published by GEORGE H. EVANS, at the office of the WORKING MAN'S ADVOCATE, No. 6 Thames street, near the City Hotel, Broadway.

AGENTS—George Dunn, Newark; Edward Earle, Paterson; Michael Kennedy, Hartford, Conn.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square, a year, \$30 00	One square, a month, \$3 00
" 6 months, 15 00	" 2 weeks, 2 00
" 3 months, 7 50	" 1 week, 1 50
" 2 months, 5 00	" 1 time, 75

All advertisements (except yearly) to be paid for in advance. A square is 16 lines